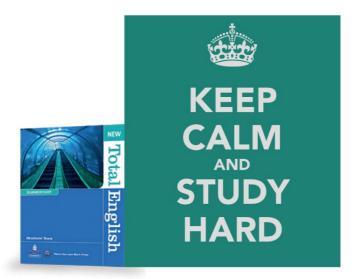
Wednesday 16th November 2015

Welcome to the English Course

New Total English A2-Unit 6 (1/3)





Emir Livadić ©



to work

to ask

to study

+ (I)ED

to stop

to like

worked

asked

studied

stopped

liked

be	was, were	en
bring	brought	b ught
do	did	do
drink	drank	dru
go	went	gone
lie	lay	lain
lay	laid	laid
say	said	sai
see	saw	s n
take	took	ken

the Past Simple tense 2nd column, not the 3rd one!!

Irregular Past Simple Forms

The irregular verbs are sometimes identical in the 2nd and 3rd column (+ infinitive!)

to say, said, said

to make, made, made

to put, put, put

...and some irregular verbs are completely different

to speak, spoke, spoken

to see, saw, seen

to know, knew, known

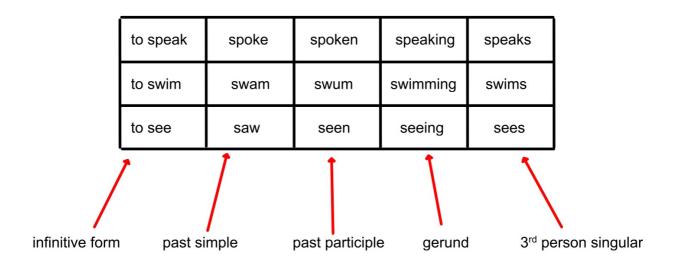
to write, wrote, written

Pronunciation



What's the best way to learn the list of irregular verbs?

Learn them as if you were reciting a poem!

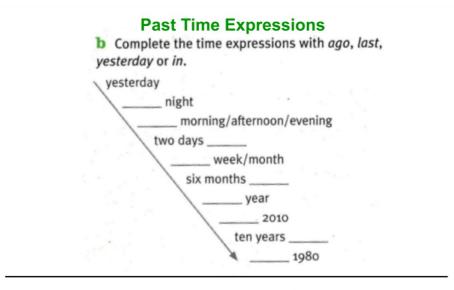


What's the best way to learn the list of irregular verbs?

Regroup the same endings or structure!

to think, thought, thought to bring, brought, brought to fight, fought, fought to catch, caught, caught to teach, taught, taught to say, said, said to pay, paid, paid

to begin, began, begun to sing, sang, sung to ring, rang, rung to sink, sank, sunk to swim, swam, swum to put, put, put to hurt, hurt, hurt to let, let, let to read, read, read



When you use a past time expression, the verb is always in the past simple tense.

Other Past Time Expressions

the day before yesterday = two days ago avant-hier

last autumn, summer, etc. (+ season)

l'automne/été dernier

last day yesterday

yesterday night last night



Past Simple - Negative





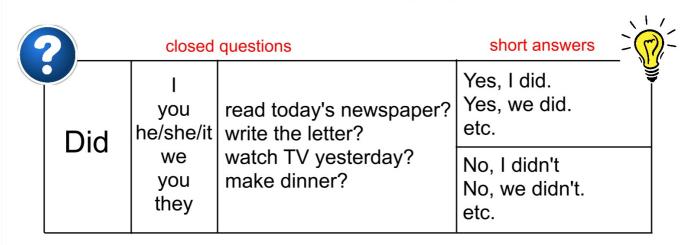
They didn't spoke to me.

I didn't worked last Monday.

He didn't listened to my speech.



Past Simple - Interrogative





Did you watched TV yesterday?

Did you made dinner?

Did you wrote the letter?

